



CEDA Queensland Economic Development Forum 2017

Ms Laurie Walker, CEO 13 July 2017

www.naif.gov.au

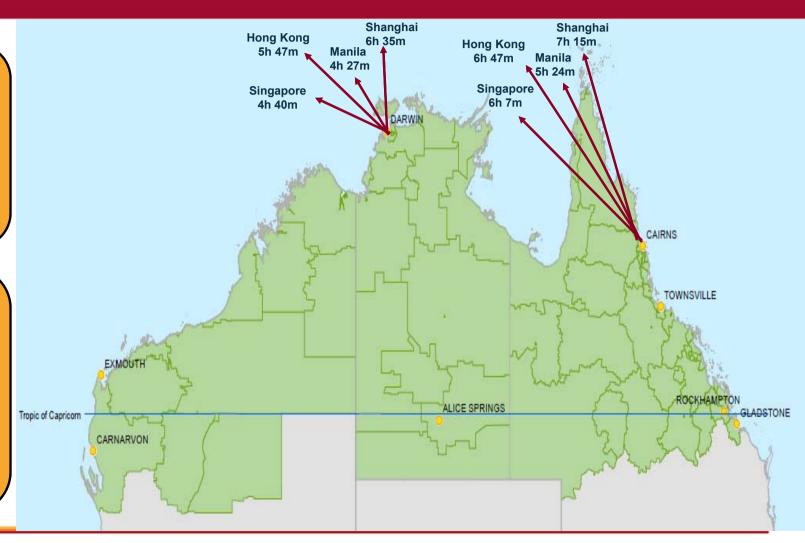
Northern Australia a key contributor and well placed

UNTAPPED POTENTIAL

- 11.7% of GDP
- 5.5% of Population
- **40%** of Australia's **landmass** five times the size of France
- 90% of Australia's gas reserves
- Large agricultural and tourism opportunities close to Asia

TRADE GATEWAY TO ASIA

- By 2030 two thirds of the world's middle class and 50% of world's GDP
- By 2050 50% of global growth in demand for agriculture products will come from China.
- Australia will receive over one million visitors per annum from Chinese nationals.
- Longstanding and recent FTAs across Asia.



NAIF a brief history

"The facility will address gaps in the infrastructure finance market for northern Australia and is an integral part of the government's plan for northern Australia."

- Established 1 July 2016
- \$5 billion of loans available for infrastructure development
- Independent Board makes investment decisions
- Strong collaboration with all arms of Government (Federal, States (WA and QLD) and Northern Territory)
- Available for approval until June 2021 (can be 30 year tenor)
- NAIF aims to 'crowd in' private sector financiers
- Can provide NAIF debt on concessional terms

'Bankable' infrastructure projects Proponent can be public or private sector (not NAIF) Capable of servicing a sustainable capital structure of debt and equity NAIF debt may be on concessional terms Aim to accelerate a project or enable a project that otherwise would not happen

NAIF's Vision

Transformation of Northern Australia

What does success look like for NAIF?

Infrastructure development

Generation of public benefit

Growth in population and economy of northern Australia

Greater participation of private sector finance in northern Australia

Sustainable Indigenous participation, procurement & employment

Types of infrastructure gaps NAIF is looking to help close

Demand gaps

Service Gaps

Cost gaps

Opportunity gaps

"Where future demand for the infrastructure likely exceeds current capacity" "Level of infrastructure falls below acceptable standards (e.g. reliability, resilience, accessibility safety, quantity)"

"Cost of providing infrastructure is higher than in other locations reducing economic activity and development"

"Provision of infrastructure could generate demand that is not currently present"





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All infrastructure

(e.g. ports, rail, road, airports, storage etc.)

Communications

(e.g. broadband, mobile, transmission infrastructure, international connections)

Roads

Energy (e.g. North Queensland network, Pilbara, isolated energy systems)

Water (e.g. large scale irrigation projects (brownfield and greenfield)) "Up to 17 million hectares of land in the north have soils which are potentially suitable for agriculture"

Types of infrastructure

Industry sectors

Minerals & energy

Agriculture

Tourism

Education





Types of infrastructure NAIF can support

Water assets

Rail

Roads

Airports

· Project can incorporate infrastructure and non-infrastructure components. e.g. associated

Energy

Communications

Seaports





Treatment,
Distribution,
Storage

Associated cargo / storage facilities

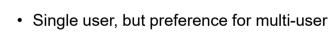
Generation, Distribution Storage

Training facilities

Marinas







· Greenfield projects and/or enhancements to infrastructure

infrastructure for large-scale agricultural projects





NAIF can meet financing challenges

Equity Capital

Can be domestic or foreign. NAIF does not provide equity.

NAIF Product: senior debt to 'quasi-equity'

Project must source at least 50% of infrastructure debt from private and/ or public sector financiers (e.g. lenders, bond market, export credit agencies or other (e.g. government grants)).

NAIF aim is to 'crowd in' private sector rather than compete

Gap Financier

NAIF financing is limited to the **amount necessary to enable a project to proceed**, or to proceed much earlier than it otherwise would.

Concessions (minimum required for a project to proceed)

NAIF **can provide concessional terms**, but concessions will have regard to the extent of the public benefit generated. Relative to other lenders financing terms may:

- Have longer tenors (up to 30 years)
- Have lower interest rates (not below the Commonwealth bond rates)
- Be more patient (e.g. extended periods for interest capitalisation or deferral of loan repayments)
- Have different fee structures
- Be subordinated in security or cash-flow.

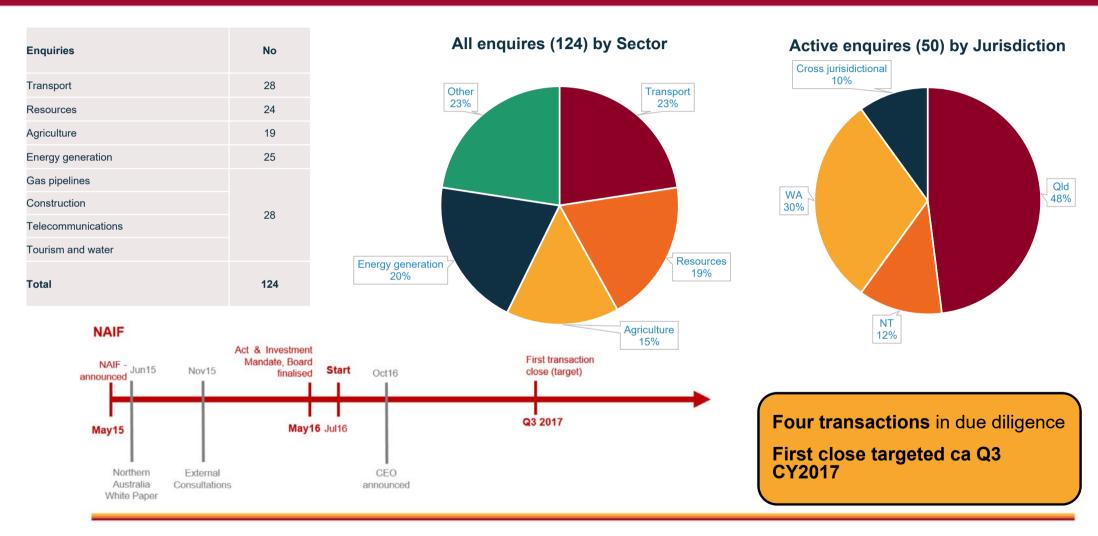
Mechanism

NAIF provides loans, with the project required to demonstrate the ability of the loan to be repaid or refinanced.

Size

Flexible - but preference for investments of \$50 million or more.

Strong diversified pipeline of potential transactions



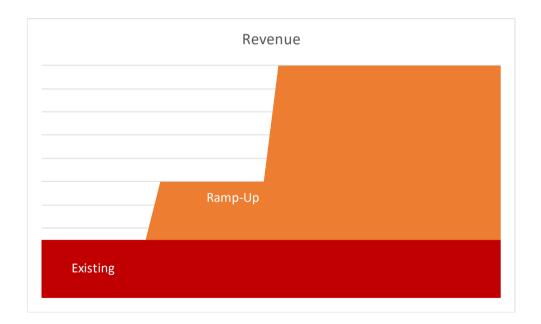
How does NAIF envisage it can help?

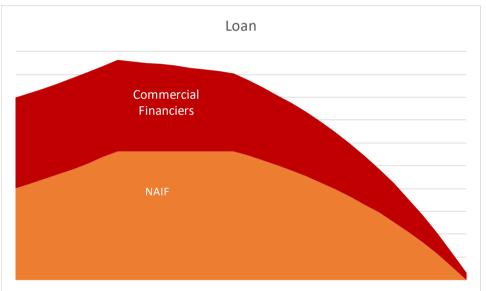
NAIF's optionality through its concessions is a new way of supporting the development of Northern Australia:

- Assist development of new, more resilient or reliable supply chains
- Assist in overcoming diseconomies of scale and first mover disadvantage
- Better use of infrastructure by encouraging co-sharing, reducing costs, enhancing to create broader benefits, bring forward
- NAIF's risk appetite has a high tolerance to factors that are unique to investing in Northern Australia economic infrastructure including but not limited to:
 - o distance
 - o remoteness
 - o climate
- Use risk appetite to encourage private sector participation by looking to:
 - 1. better match revenue ramp up and life cycle of new projects with debt servicing
 - 2. absorb element of merchant risk where uncertain utilisation/ pay back period
 - 3. mitigate project cost premium
 - 4. scale up technology
 - 5. credit risk of end producer/off-taker
 - 6. provide liquidity to meet capital need
 - 7. assist in mixed infrastructure/non infrastructure projects with NAIF infrastructure debt e.g. operating or production assets

Leveraging risk appetite to encourage other financiers

To support new market entrants and better match revenue ramp up and life cycle of new projects Commercial Financiers may want more certain revenues. NAIF may allow interest capitalisation and interest only periods during ramp up before repayment to support new market entrants.

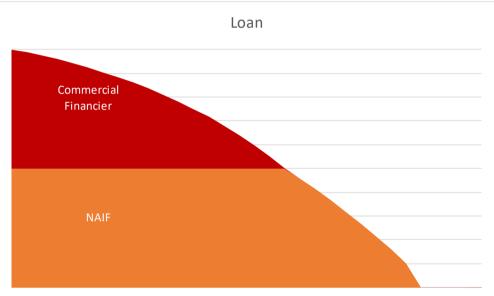




Leveraging risk appetite to encourage other financiers

NAIF may absorb element of merchant risk where uncertain utilisation/ pay back period Commercial Financiers consider contracted revenue. NAIF may consider expected uncontracted revenue over the project life.

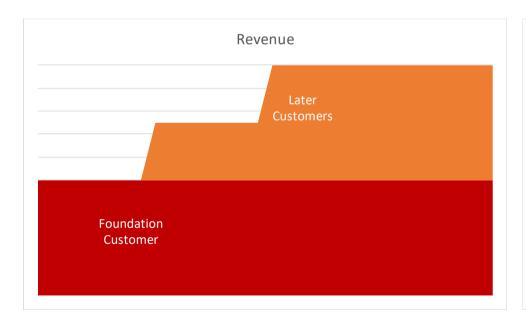


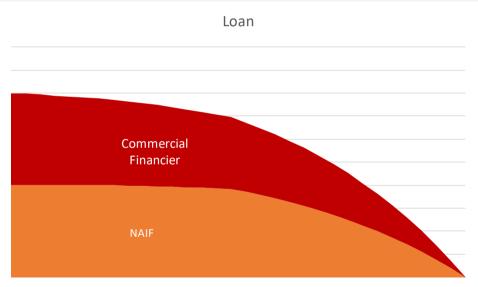


Leveraging risk appetite to encourage other financiers

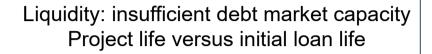
NAIF objective is to facilitate multi user infrastructure.

Commercial Financiers may only consider foundation customer revenues. NAIF may take into account future customers that may begin operations after construction of project.

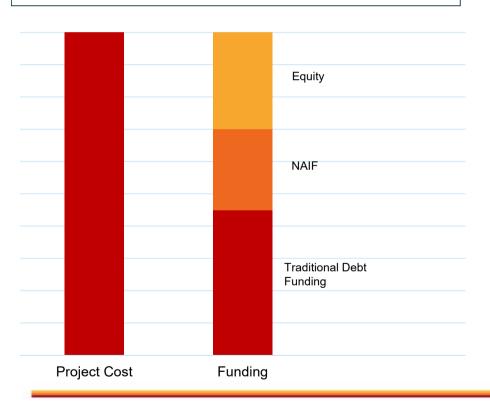


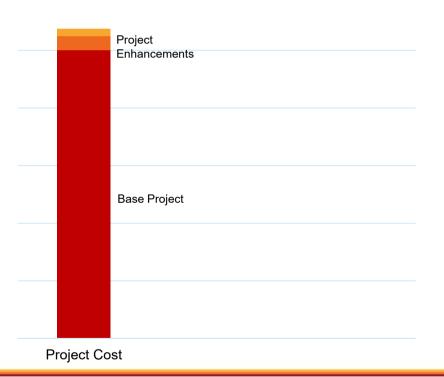


"Filling the Gap" Funding



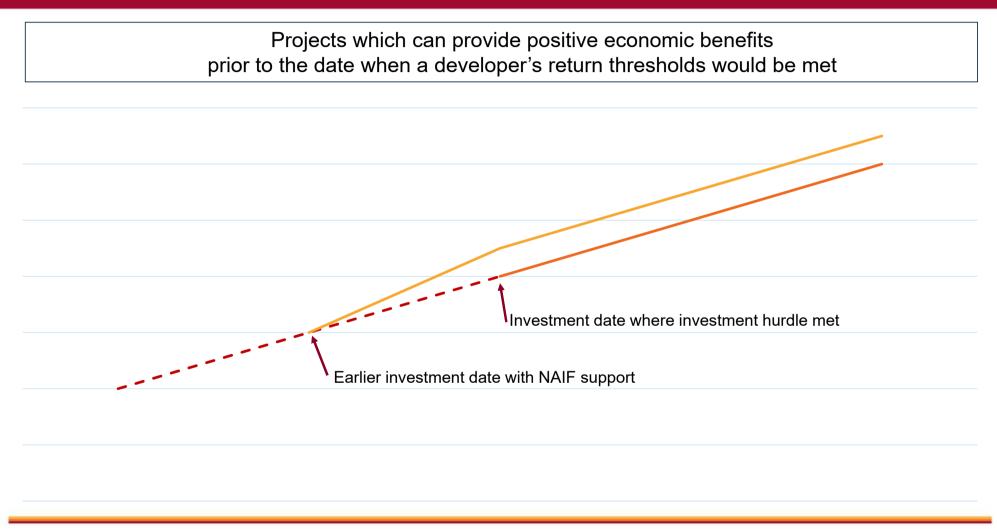
Enhance projects to provide community benefits where the incremental returns would not justify the additional investment by sponsor





Indicative only for illustrative purposes. Actual concessions determined on a case by case basis.

Project Acceleration



Thank you

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Appendices

Northern Australia Economic Infrastructure

Section 3 of NAIF Act

"(1) objective of this Act is to provide financial assistance to the States and Territories for the *construction* of Northern Australia economic infrastructure

(2) Northern Australia economic infrastructure is infrastructure that:

- (a) provides a basis for economic growth in Northern Australia; and
- (b) stimulates *population growth* in Northern Australia" involve construction or enhancement of economic infrastructure

Mandatory Criteria

To obtain NAIF finance projects must:

- involve construction or enhancement of economic infrastructure
- be of public benefit
- be unlikely to proceed, or only at a much later date or with much limited scope, without NAIF assistance
- be located in, or will have a significant benefit for Northern Australia
- ensure that NAIF loan monies are not more than 50% of the project debt funding
- be able to repaid or refinanced i.e. it is not a grant
- include an indigenous engagement strategy

Non-mandatory criteria (Board is flexible):

- NAIF financing is for an amount of \$50 million+
- an identified need for the proposed project

Infrastructure Sector Analysis

Infrastructure Assets	Examples	Industries				
		Resources	Agriculture	Livestock	Tourism	Education
Land Transport	Roads					
Sea Transport	Seaports					
	Marinas					
	Cargo holding					
Air Transport	Airports					
	Cargo holding					
Energy	Generation					
	Transmission/ distribution					
	Storage					
Water	Supply/ treatment					
Communications	Cables					
	Transmission					
Supply Chain	Storage facilities					
Social Infrastructure	Hospitals					
	Training Facilities					
	Accommodation					

Application and Approval Process reflects evolving state of information

Enquiry and Preliminary Assessment Stage

Strategic Assessment Stage

Due Diligence Stage Investment
Decision and
Execution Stage

- High level enquiry information provided by proponent.
- Proponent to comment on how it expects to meet NAIF eligibility criteria.
- High level view on suitability of the project for NAIF.
 financial assistance to be determined by NAIF.
- Strategic assessment information package provided by proponent.
- NAIF Board to strategically assess the project and determine if NAIF resources to continue investigating the project.
- Detailed information memorandum provided by proponent.
- Due diligence information will form the basis of a formal Investment Proposal.
- Submission of an Investment Proposal by a proponent is considered a formal application for NAIF financial assistance.
- NAIF Board considers the Investment Proposal to make Investment Decision to offer or not offer finance. May approve finance conditional on documentation.
- Investment Decision not be made or proceeded with if the relevant State or Territory Government notifies financial assistance should not be provided.
- Rejection Notice provided by the responsible Commonwealth Minister should they determine financial assistance should not be provided.
- Finalisation of documentation (as relevant).
- Subject to no State or Territory notification (as above) and expiry of the Commonwealth Minister's consideration period documentation signed.
- Publication of statutory information within 30 business days of Investment Decision.